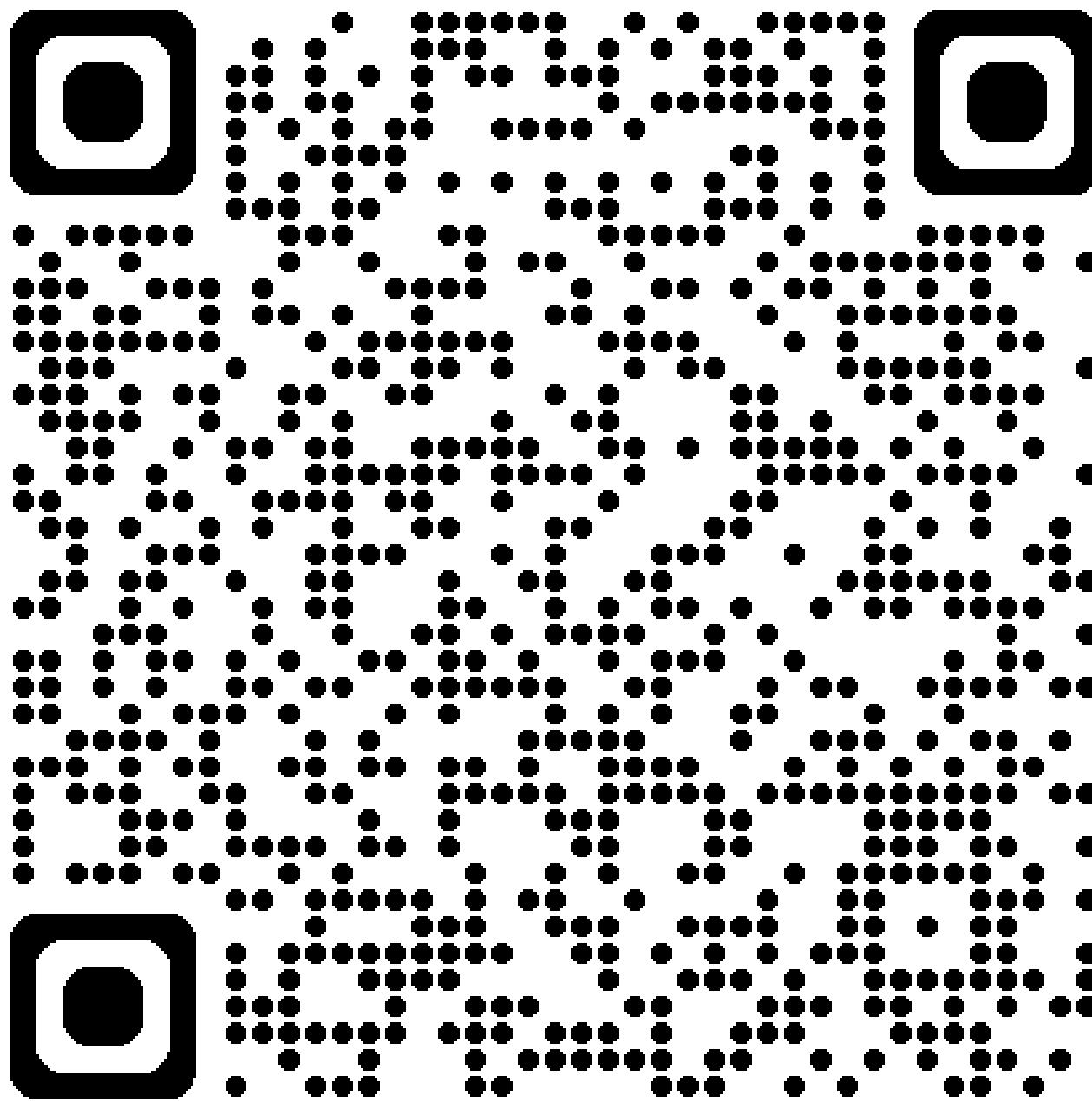


How to Get Started With Automated Testing In the Age of AI

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Outline

- Why should we test?
- How does AI change testing?
- How to use AI with testing

Why should we test?

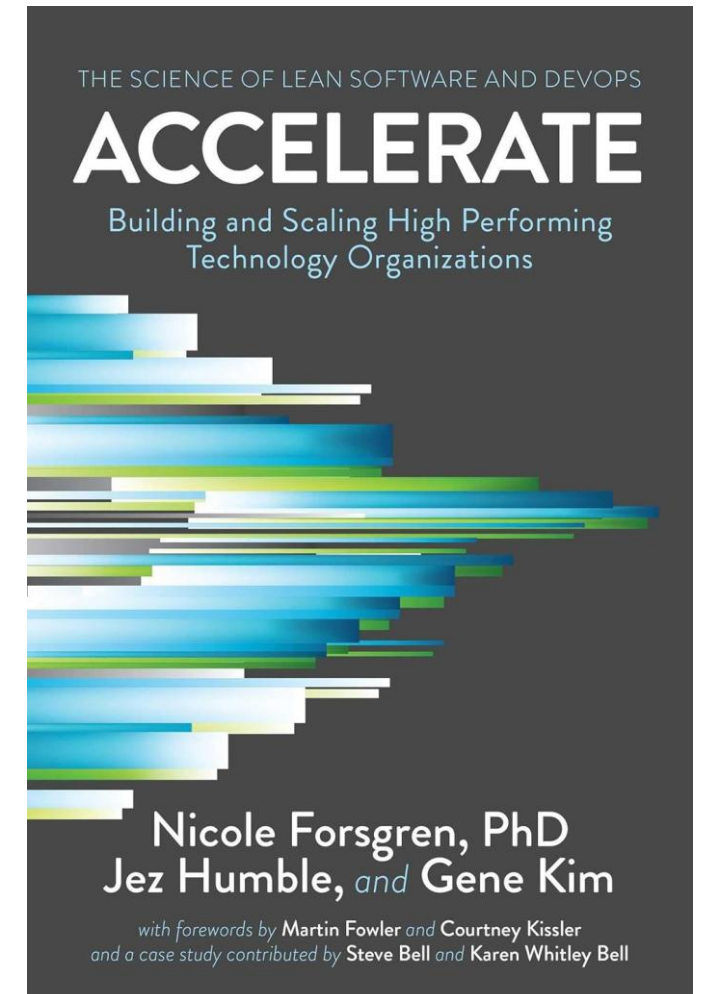
Why do we test?

- Prevent regressions
- Design by acting as the first consumer of the system
- Validate assumptions



DevOps Research and Assessment (DORA)

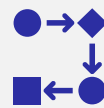
1. What practices predict high performance?
 2. How can we foster those practices?
- 30k+ surveys over 5 years
 - Startup to enterprise
 - For profit, not-for-profit
 - Legacy + modern systems



The DORA metrics



Deployment frequency. How often you go to production



Lead time for change. The time it takes for a change to go to production

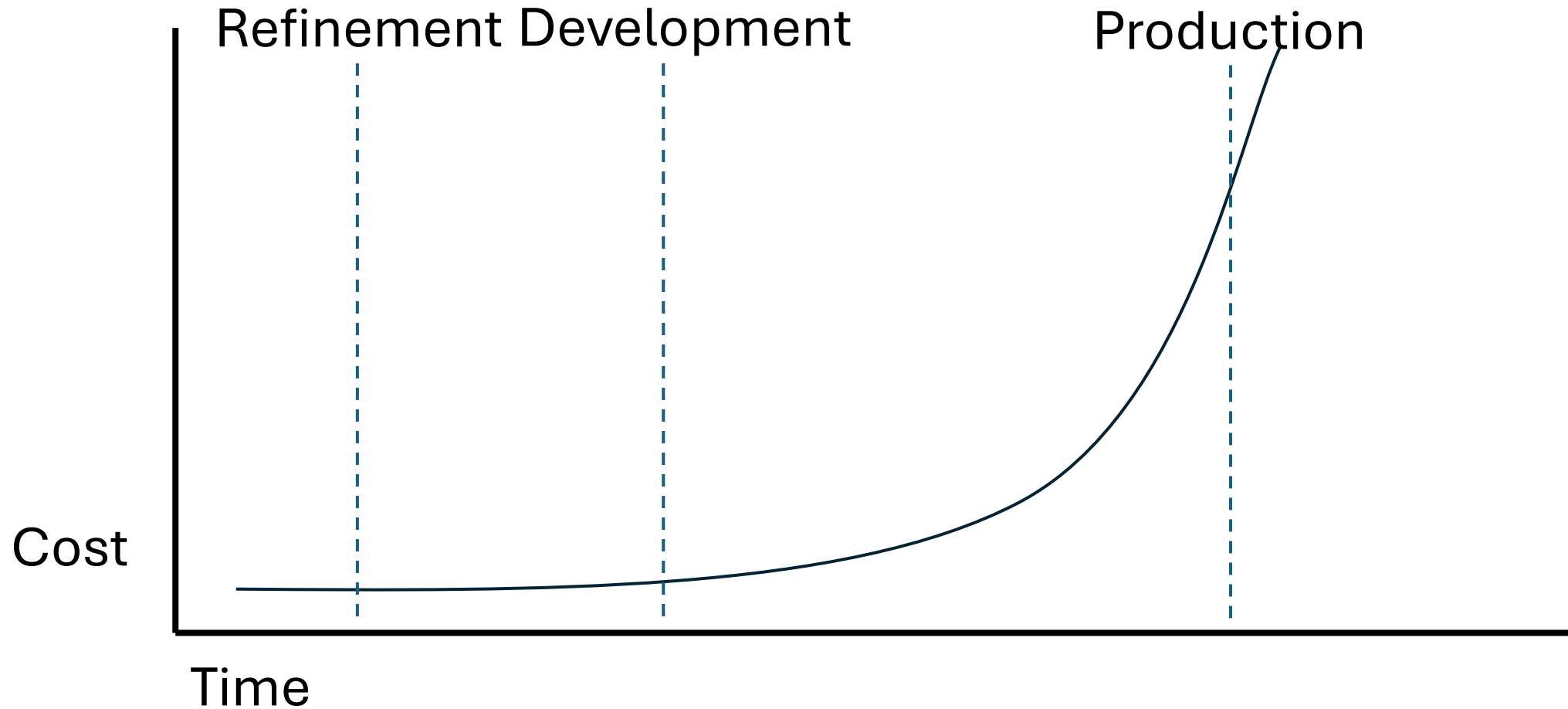


Change failure rate. % of deployments that cause a failure



Time to restore service. How long it takes to recover from a failure

Cost of a defect



Confident green

- If all your tests pass, do you feel confident to deploy to prod? Why/not?
- Are you missing test cases? Flaky tests?
- Inverse: if your tests fail, do you believe something is wrong?



How does AI change testing?

DORA and AI

“This confirms our central theory - AI accelerates software development, but that acceleration can expose weaknesses downstream.

Without robust control systems, **like strong automated testing**, mature version control practices, and fast feedback loops, **an increase in change volume leads to instability.**

Teams working in loosely coupled architectures with fast feedback loops see gains, while those constrained by tightly coupled systems and slow processes see **little or no benefit.**”

You can't insert AI into a
broken process



How does AI change testing?

Before AI

Make changes

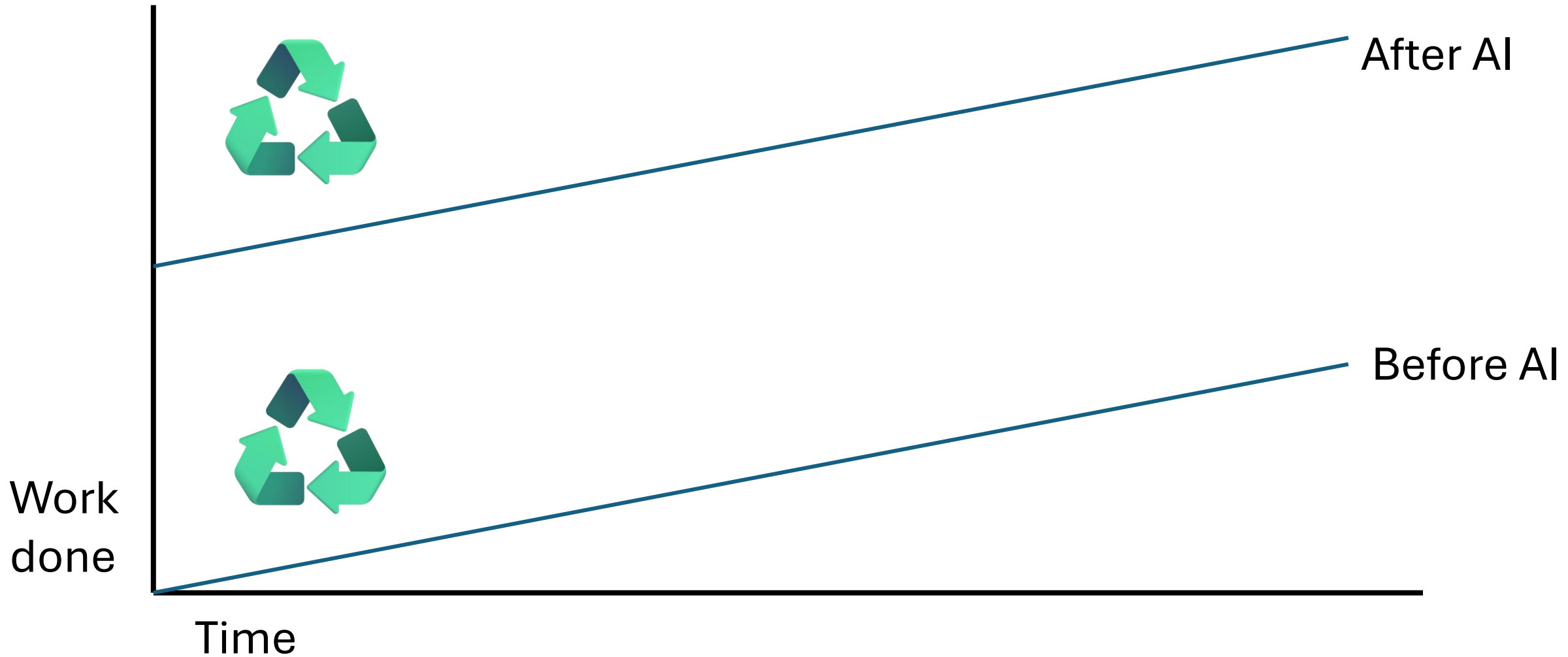


After AI

Make changes

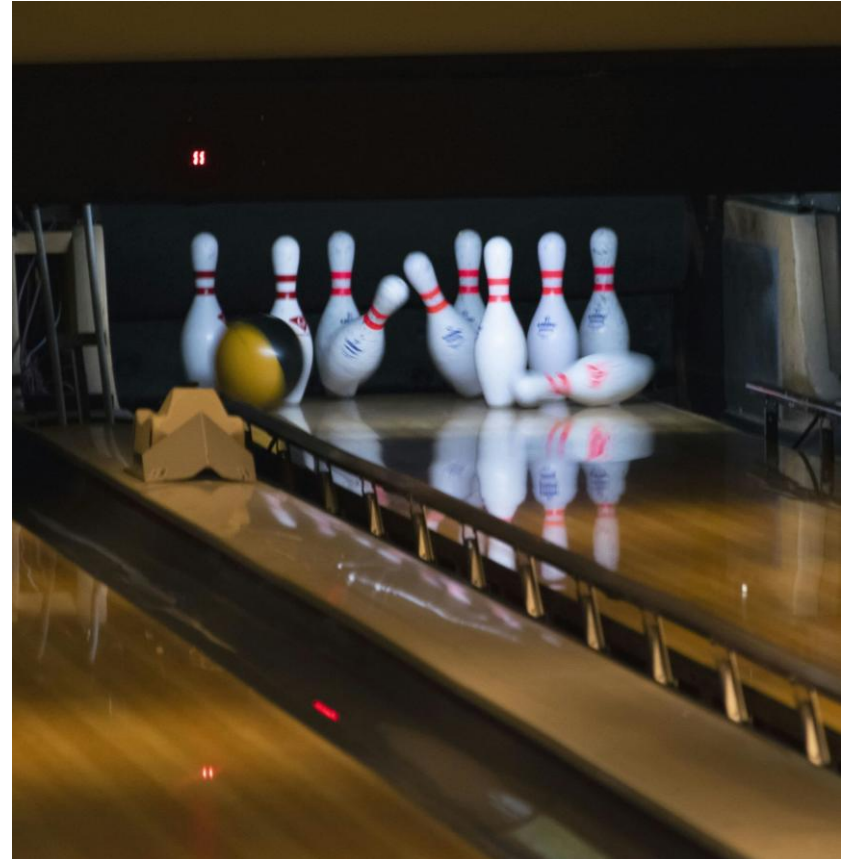


Before AI vs after AI



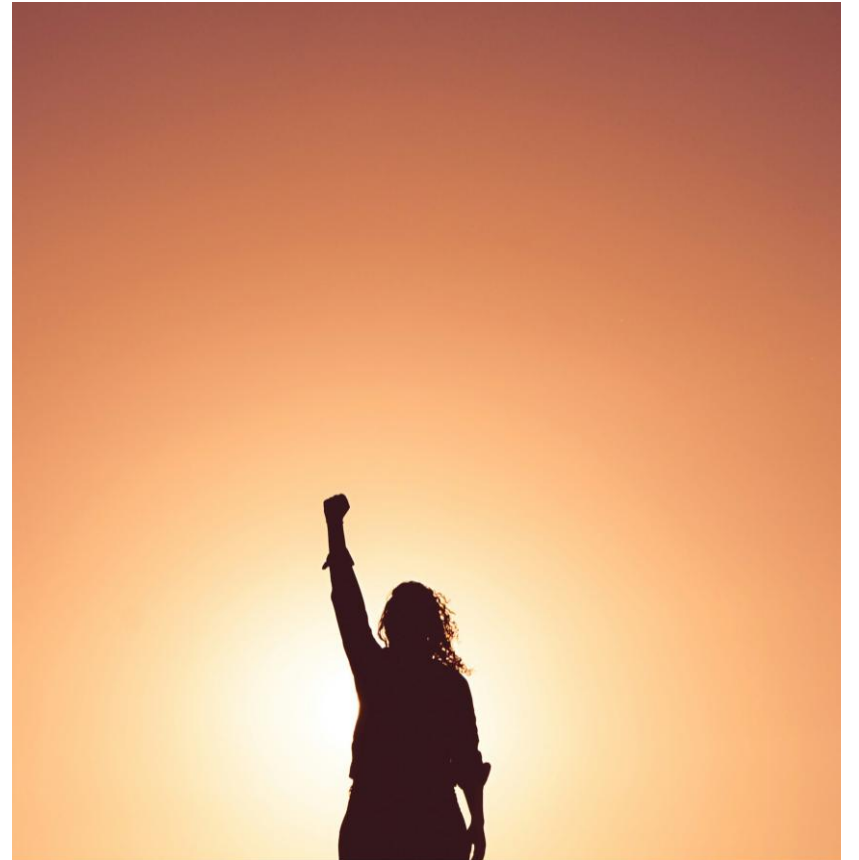
Tests as guardrails

- Test names are plain English requirements for AI
- Test output can be used as feedback for AI



Tests as confidence

- Gives you permission to go faster
- Lowers barrier to entry
- Easier to get confidence in a system
- Easier to get false confidence in a system



Tests as documentation

“Normal” docs



- Updated manually
- Ages quickly once it falls behind
- Provided to AI manually

Tests as docs



- Part of the codebase
- Impossible to fall behind
- Test names are English requirements that the AI can automatically pick up as context

Risks with using AI

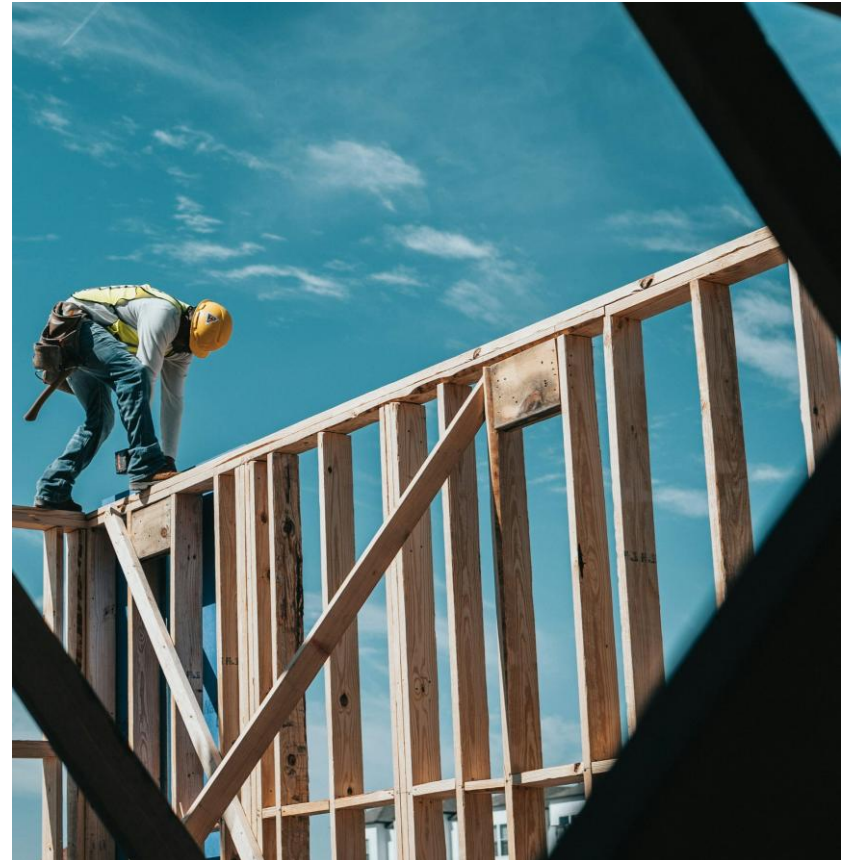
- AI makes too many/not enough tests
- Hardcoding passing value
- Removing prod code/tests
- Working in small batches reduces risk



How to use AI with testing

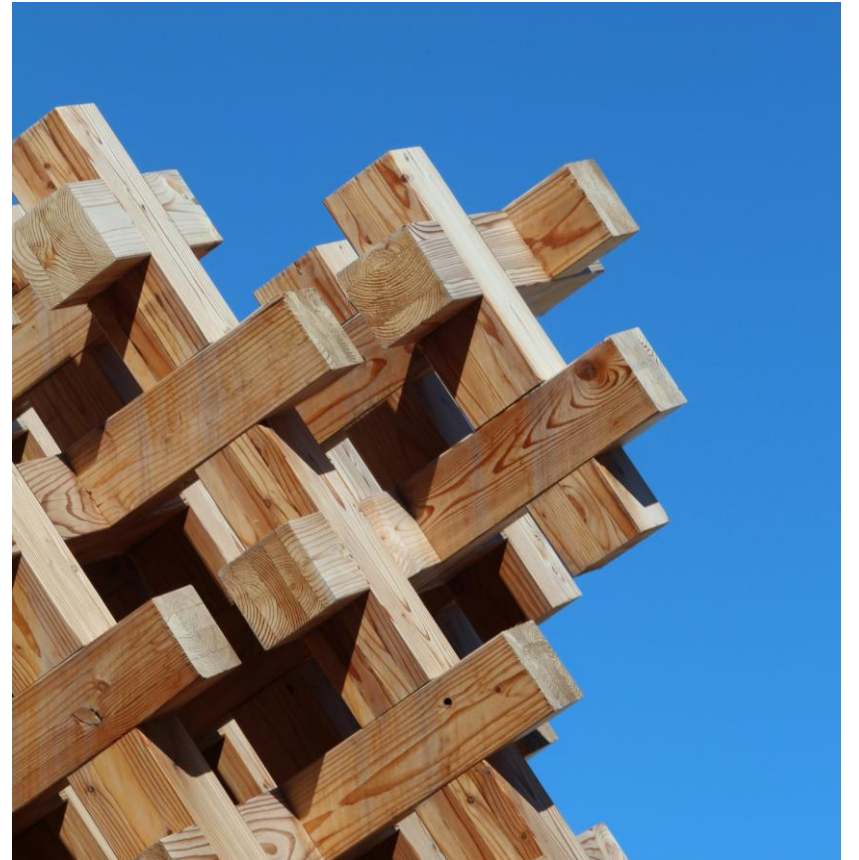
Build up your instructions over time

- agents.md, copilot-instructions.md, claude.md, etc
- Codify corrections
 - “Name tests like <example>, not <example>”
 - “Don’t test method calls in unit tests. Write an integration test instead”
 - “Whenever you write new code, you **MUST** write relevant unit and integration tests for it”



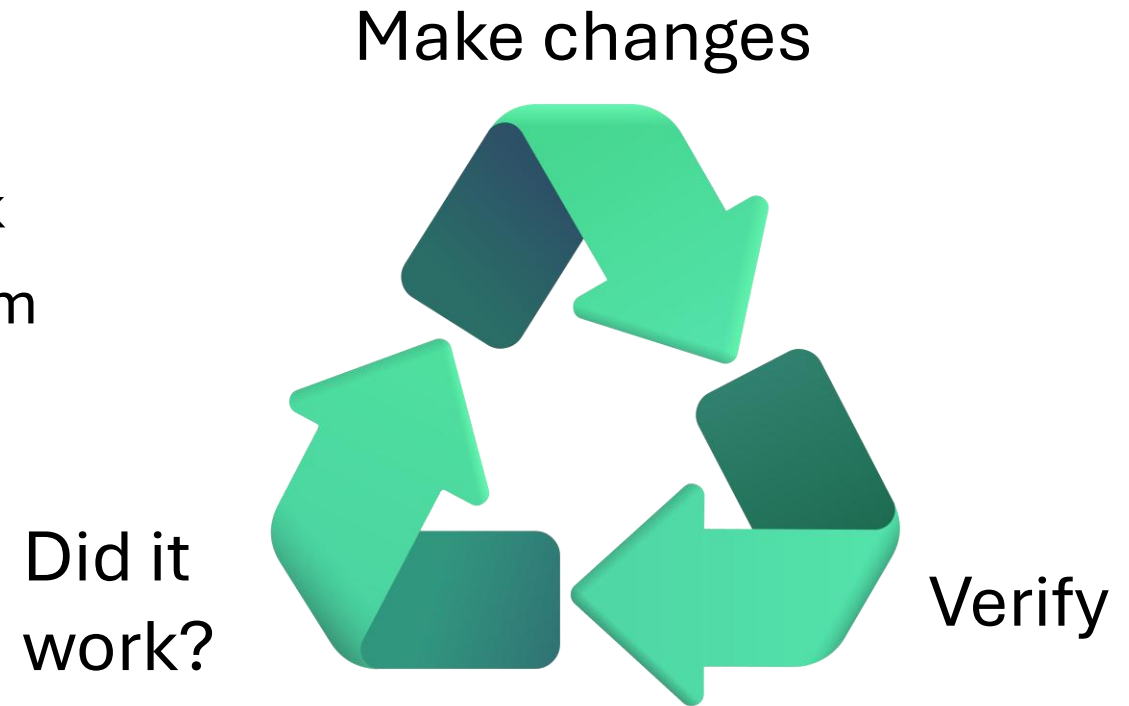
Test structure & naming

- Arrange, Act, Assert
- Clear variable/method/class names
 - result vs paymentIds
 - process() vs applyLateFee()
 - Processor vs ClaimsReimbursementProcessor
- Human-readable test names
 - Given, when, then
 - When_Header_Row_Is_Invalid_Then_Throws
 - “when the modal is reopened, then the form should be reset”



Feedback loop

- “Whenever you change code, you must run the linter, build, and tests. If they fail, continue making changes until they pass”
- AI automatically get test output as feedback
- verify: npm run build && npm run lint && npm run test && npm run start



Agent skills

- Instructions to AI that it uses automatically
- Don't need too many of these

```
---  
name: coding-standards  
description: 'General code and UI architecture standards for MindMapAi. Use when changing  
C#, Razor, services, or project structure. For detailed test workflow, use the  
testing-standards skill.'  
argument-hint: 'Code area or architectural change'  
---
```

Coding Standards

Common skills I use

coding-standards

- Keep business logic out of frontend components
- Follow the Robustness Principle for types
- Follow SRP

testing-standards

- Test outcomes, not method calls,
- Move shared setup into a single spot
- Name tests “when x happens, then y should happen”

Prefer pure functions

- Same input will always give the same output
- No side effects
- Less edge cases for the AI to mess up

```
function getDiscountedPriceImpure(price: number): number {  
  const rate = parseFloat(process.env.DISCOUNT_RATE ?? "0");  
  return price * (1 - rate);  
}
```

```
function getDiscountedPrice(price: number, discountRate: number): number {  
  return price * (1 - discountRate);  
}
```

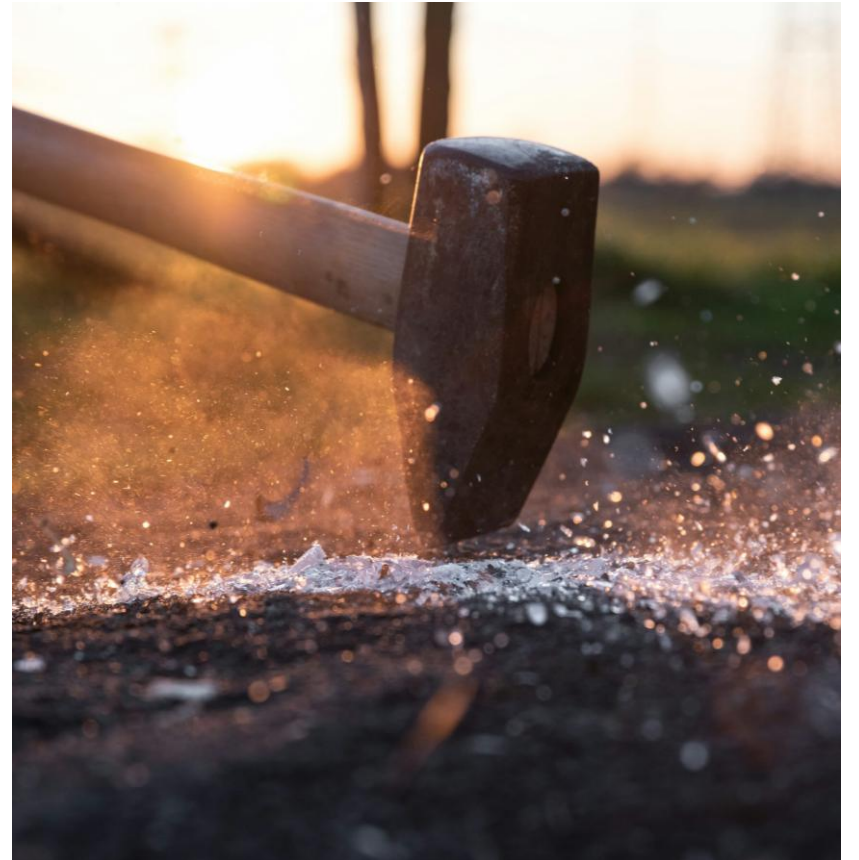
Blackbox tests

- Characterization tests
- Great for legacy codebases



Try to break it

- “What edge cases am I missing for this function?”
- “What inputs could break this?”
- Mutation testing
 - Turn + into –
 - True into false
 - etc



High quality test data

- Easier to create fake data & data factories
- CSV, JSON, etc for integration tests
- ⚠ Warning!
 - Do you need all the test data?
 - Are you testing the easiest way?



Parameterized tests

- Easier to generate with AI
- More test confidence + more context/guardrails for AI
- Can be harder to read
- Make sure they actually add value

Run | Debug

```
it("adds 1 and 2", () => {  
    expect(add(1, 2)).toBe(3);  
});
```

```
it.each([  
    [1, 2, 3],  
    [0, 0, 0],  
    [-1, -2, -3],  
    [-1, 5, 4],  
])("add(%i, %i) === %i", (a, b, expected) => {  
    expect(add(a, b)).toBe(expected);  
});
```

5 point recap

1. Test automation is a big part of making quality software
2. AI helps us do **everything** faster
3. Work in small batches and iterate to lower risk
4. Review all AI output!
5. Getting started – have AI write a test and build up your instructions over time; blackbox tests for legacy code





Thank you!

